

CHALMERS
FOR A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

Rickard Bensow

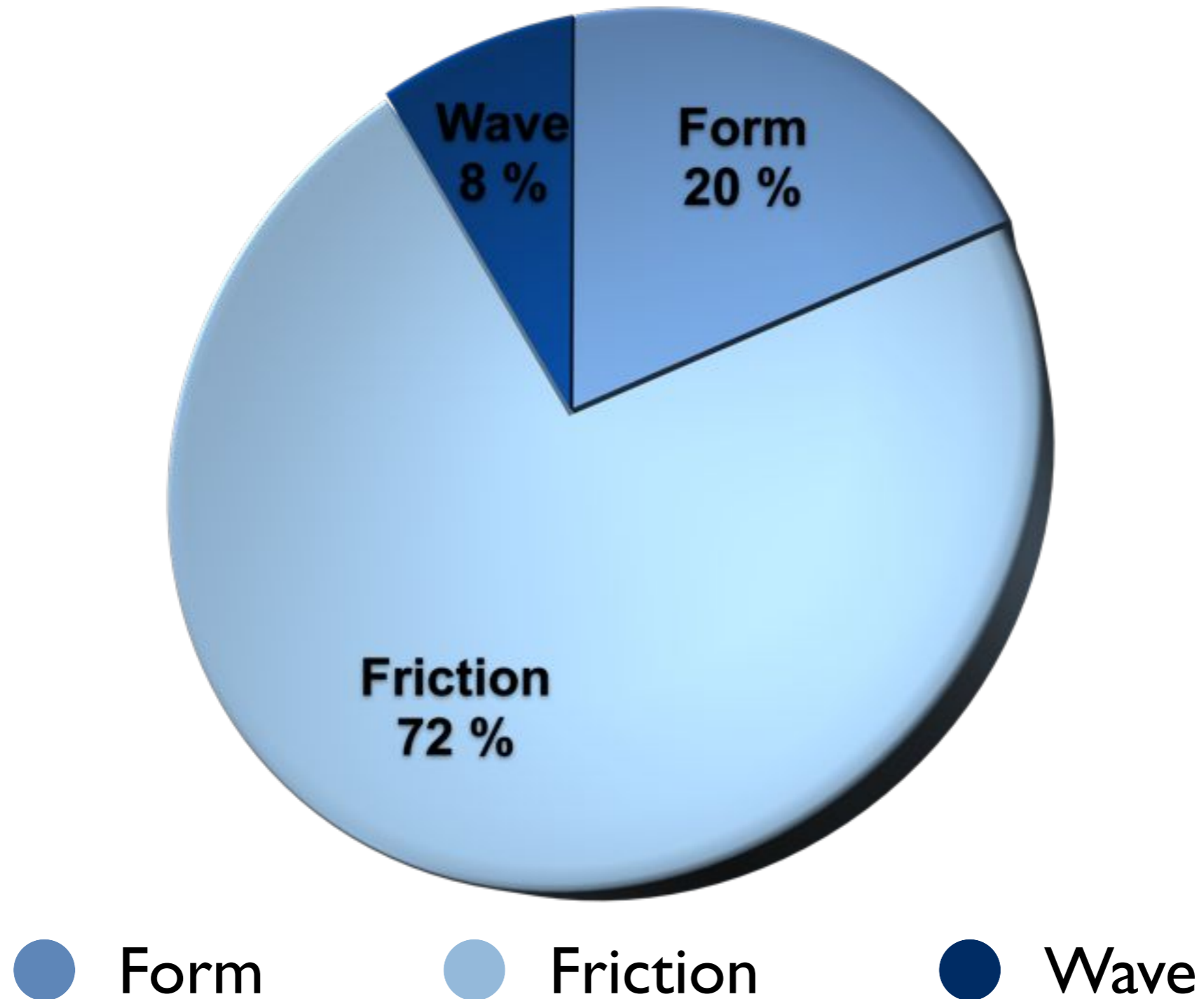
**Shipping and Marine Technology
Chalmers University of Technology**

ENERGY EFFICIENT AIR CAVITY SHIPS

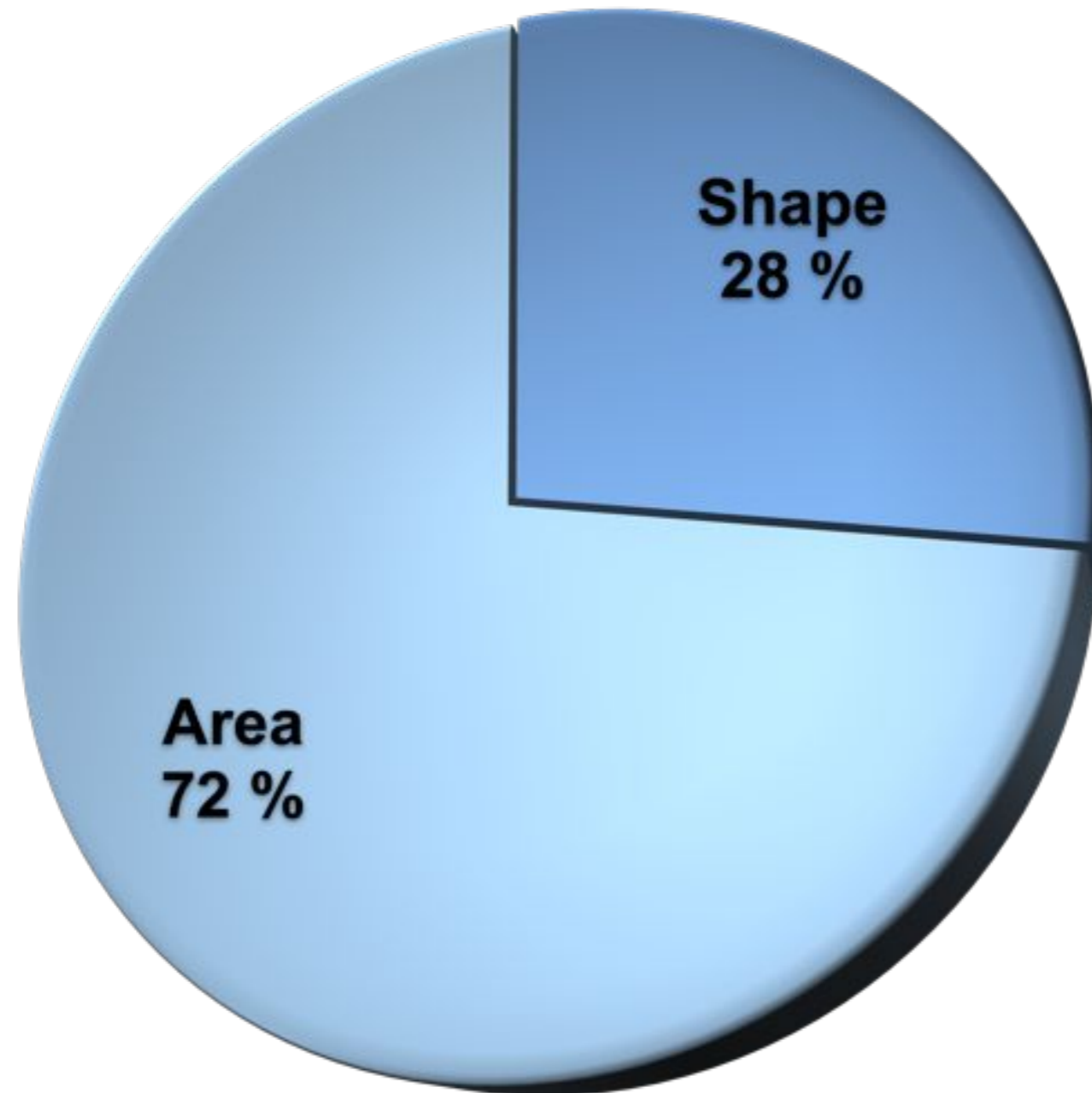
**ENERGIEFFEKTIVA FARTYGG MED
LUFTKAMMARE**



Resistance of a tanker



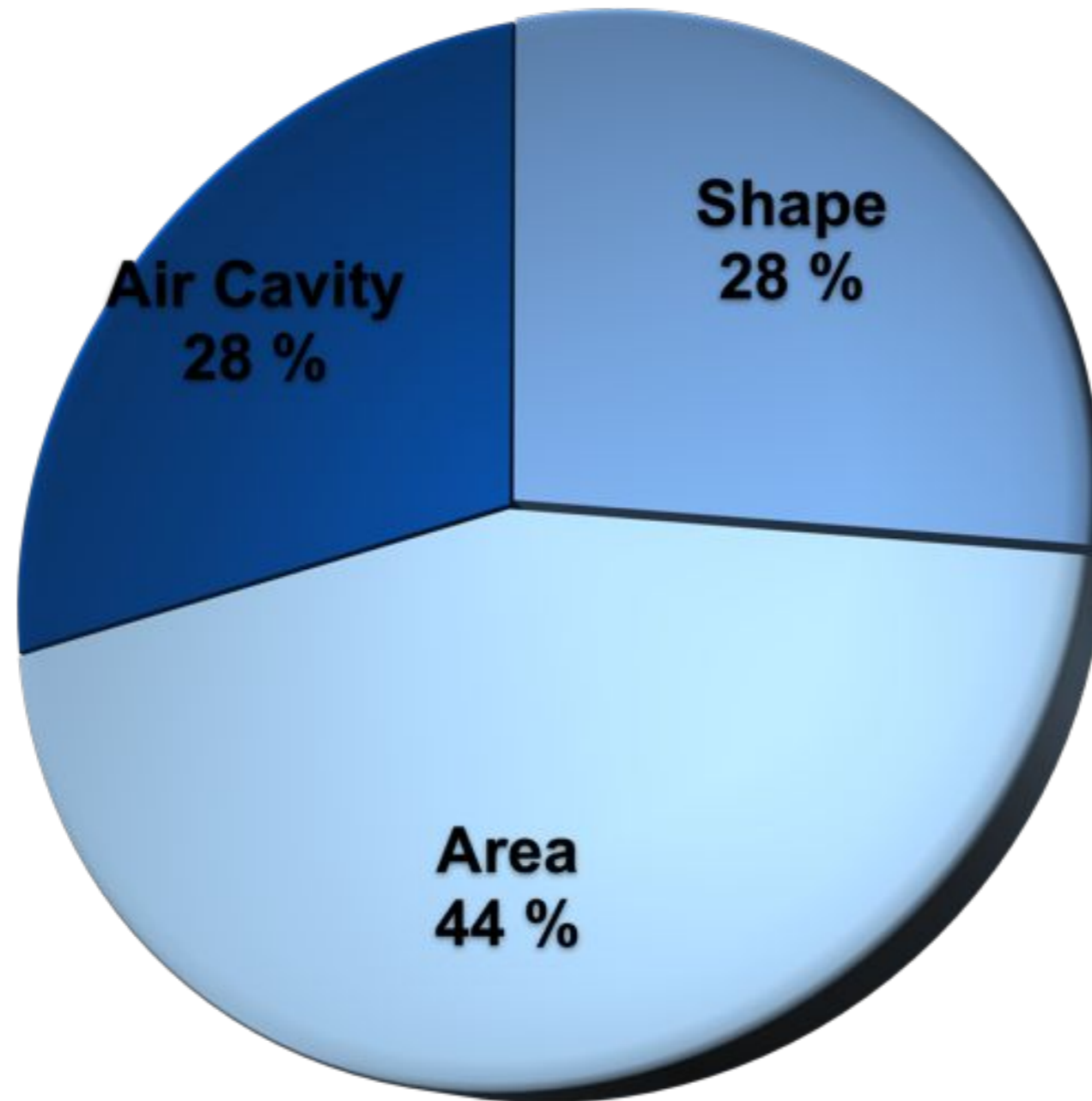
Resistance of a tanker



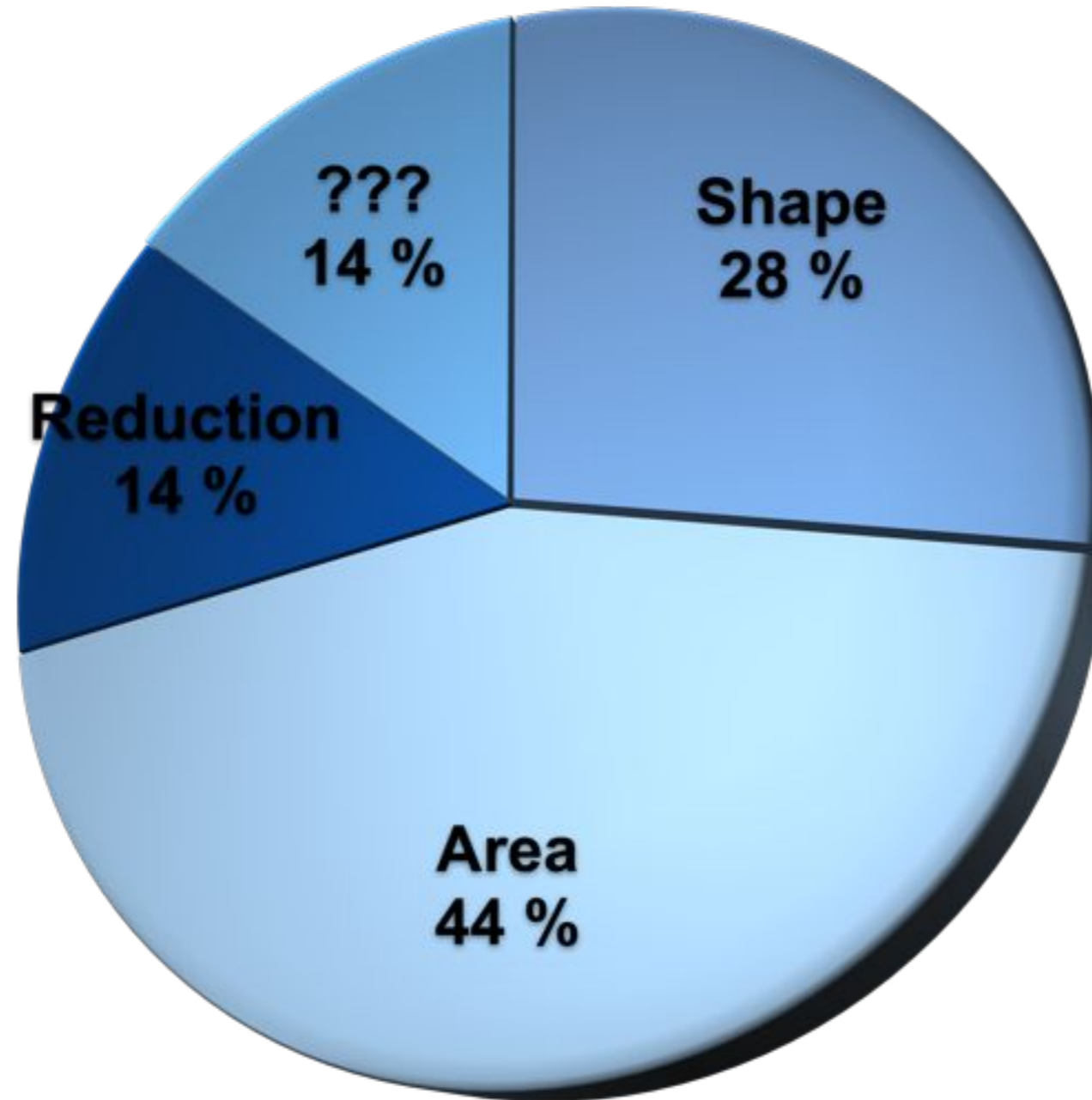
● Shape

● Area

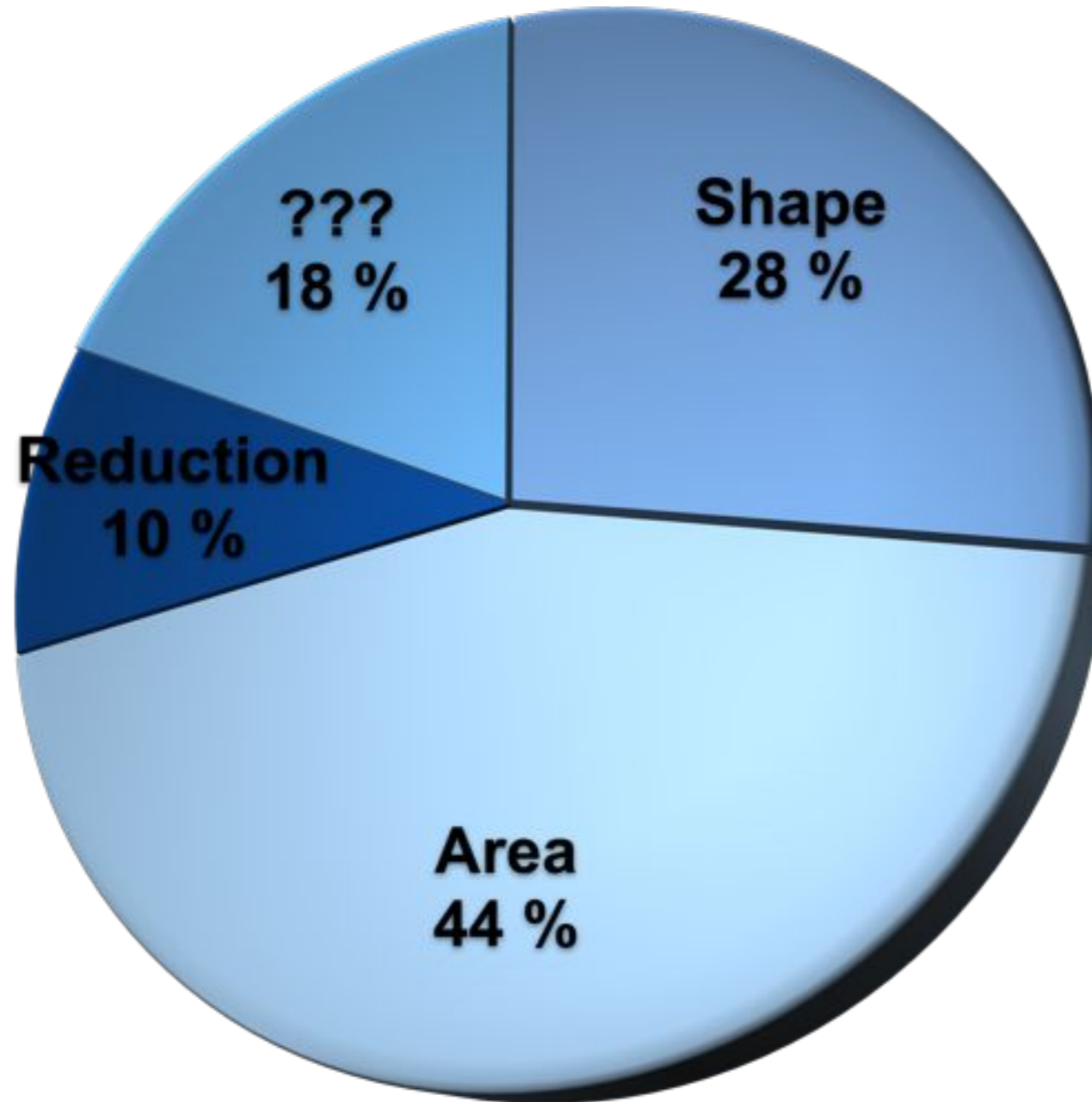
Resistance of a tanker



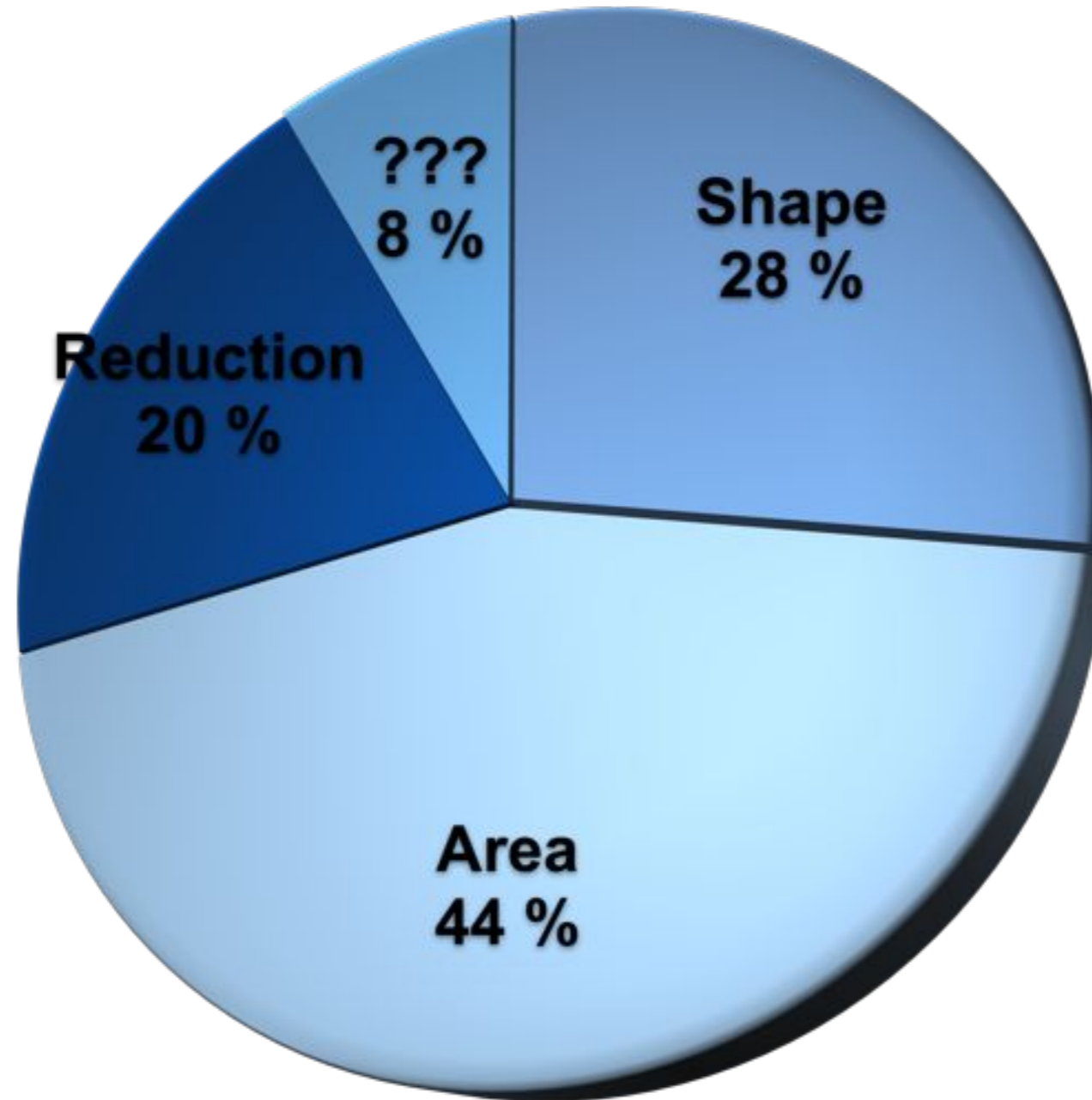
Resistance of a tanker



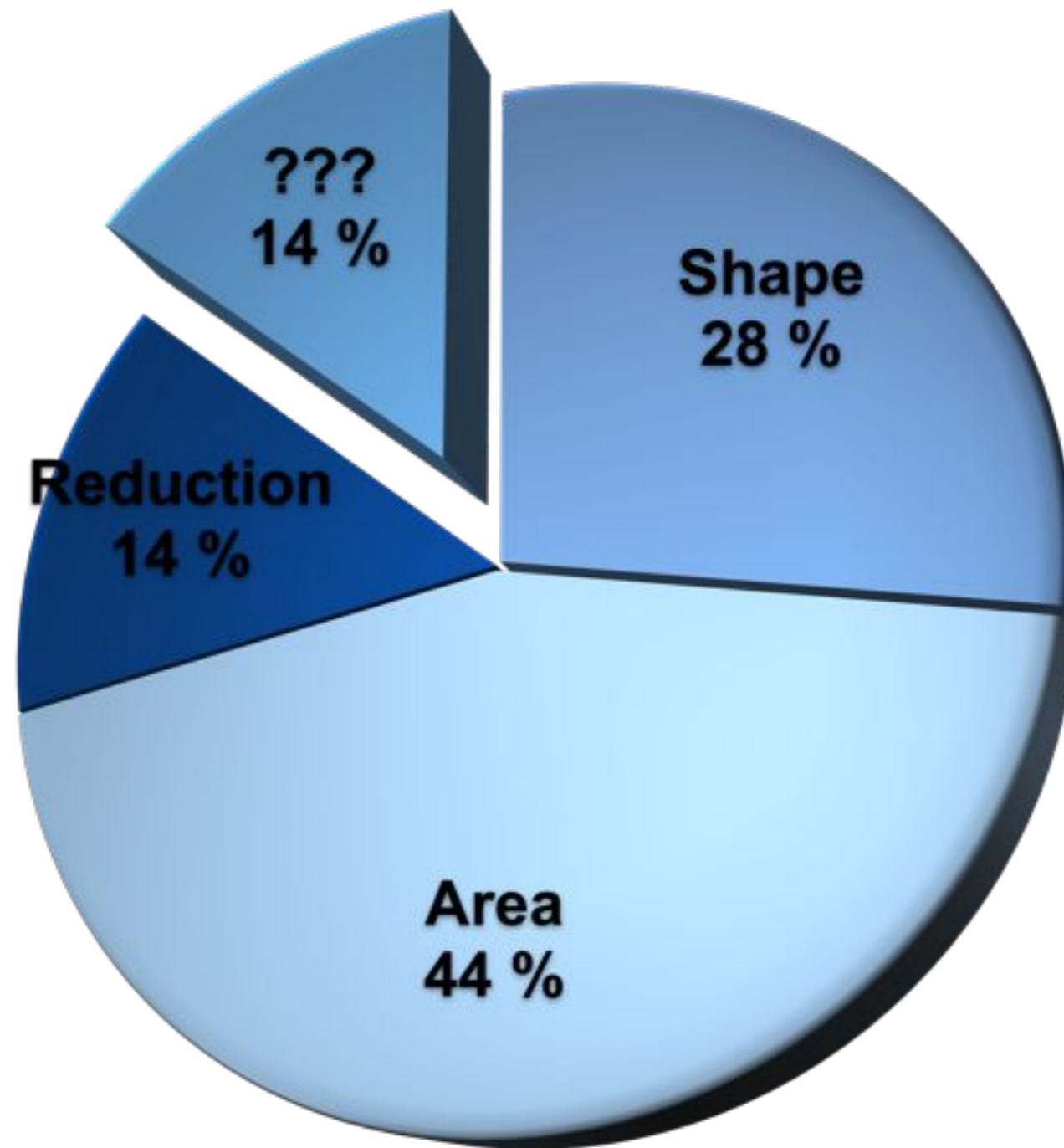
Resistance of a tanker



Resistance of a tanker



Resistance of a tanker





$$P_{D,VLCC} \cdot T \cdot 0.72 \cdot 0.40 \cdot 0.50 \approx 25000\text{MWh/year}$$

Why not a realised ACS yet?

- **Concept not efficient enough**
 - Large discrepancy between ideal drag reduction and measured
 - No obvious reasons for this discrepancy
 - Risky to negotiate and launch a new ship type
- **Scatter in tests**
 - New types of tests
 - Difficult to perform and get reliable data
- **Scaling**
 - If above is resolved, does the results hold for a full scale ship?
- **Performance in seaway and during manoeuvring**
 - If we can make it work in still water, what happens during operation?

Project operation

- **Monthly meetings**
 - Stena teknik
 - 2-3 project managers responsible within Stena
 - SSPA
 - 1-2 engineers
 - Chalmers
 - 1-2 researchers
- **Research tasks**
 - Recruited post-doc researcher
 - Planned and performed simulations
 - Planned and took part in experiments
- **Experiments**
 - Designed and performed at SSPA

Research outcome - ACS

- **I. Generic Cavity**
 - Discrepancy explained
 - Flow behaviour at cavity closure essential
- **II. Develop concept**
 - Recessed cavity developed which yields much more robust flow behaviour
 - Possible to improve cavity closure design
 - More robust in operation
- **III. Full ship tests**
 - Flow behaviour improved
 - Drag reduction behaviour inconsistent
- **IIIb. Hull shape comparison**
 - Different bow shape improves drag reduction
 - Captured by CFD

Research outcome - ACS

- **Most main objectives reached**
 - Scaling behaviour got lower priority, needs further studies
- **Outcome however not positive enough to bring to market**
 - In combination with current market situation
- **But good enough to keep the interest**
 - Several options for continued studies are currently being discussed
 - One year extension approved
 - Varying hull shapes and types
 - PhD project application submitted
 - Tools, analysis, and design of closure and aft ship

Outlook for future

- **Improved computational models**
 - Faster and more accurate closure prediction
- **Improved cavity closure design**
 - To utilise the more robust cavity interface shape
 - How counter act the momentum loss of the restarted BL?
 - Scaling behaviour
- **Better control system for operation in seaway**
 - Improvement of control of air inflow
- **Impact on total propulsive efficiency**
 - Effects on the propulsion system
- **Other ship types**
 - ACS most suitable for bulk carriers, but economics may be elsewhere
- **Ship design**
 - GA, classification, strength, etc.